Introduction:
Studies suggest that, when health professionals possess communication and conflict management skills, interprofessional co-operation is ensured. This supports the proper functioning of the hospital and, by extension, the satisfaction of the nurses from their working environment.

Methods:
Population consisted of 45 individuals. The tools used at this study were: a) The Jefferson Scale of Attitudes towards Physician-Nurse Collaboration, b) Professional Quality of Life Scale and c) Interprofessional collaboration Scale. Data were analyzed with IBM SPSS 25.0.

Results:
It was found that cooperative attitudes with an average score of 49 to 75 are considered to be of average significance. Interprofessional cooperation at an average score of 2,568 states that the level of cooperation is high and the quality of working life averages 125 to 150, suggesting that it is very good. As far as professional satisfaction is concerned, nurses are happy, content and satisfied with their work, despite workload and burnout.

Conclusion:
Interprofessional cooperation at the ICU of the General Hospital of Larissa is high, but satisfaction from wages, resources, working environment and conditions is low. In addition, the results showed that improvements in hospital communication between staff, has a positive impact on the quality of professional life.

References: